declaration in the Moniteur Beige of the 8th of June.

"Commerce is informed that instructions have been addressed on this subject to the judicial, maritime and

addressed or this subject to the laws of the kingdom who shall attempt privateering, or otherwise act contrary to the doties of neutrality, will expose himself to the risk, on the one hand, of being treated as a pirate abroad, and, on the other, will be prosecuted with the full rigor of the law by the Belgian tribunals.

## ENGLAND.

The Times of the 9th May says:

"The list of new members returned to the new Parlament, already published in our columns, shows a total of 315 Liberals and 257 Conservatives. Returns have since been unde, raising the total to 319 Liberals

bave since been made, raising the total to 319 Liberals and 267 conservatives."

The Observer has the following:

"His Royal Highness the Commander-in-Chief, at the request of the Chief Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, has appointed the following officers to be Military Commissioners for Great Britain to the head-quarters of the armies at the seat of war: For Austria, Col. Mildmay: for France, Col. Claremont: for Sardinia, Col. Callagan."

On Sunday, May 8, a very numerous and well conducted radical meeting was held in the Park for the purpose of proposing an address to the Emperor Napoleon, sympathizing with the Emperor in the course he had taken with respect to the war in Italy. The proposition did not meet with the slightest approval.

The London Herald says, we regret to announce the death, on Thursday, May 5, at Abersom Pace, London, of Mr. C. R. Leslie, R. A., the distinguished artist and author.

ist and author.

The United Screice Gazette says:

"We have some reason for believing that the Secretary of State for War meditates calling out the whole of the militia, and adding fifty new battalions to the

tine."

The Doily News says:

"The 106th Regiment (Royal Canadian) are under orders to proceed to Corfu, and the left wing will leave the camp at Aldershott on May 10."

The Daily News says:
"On Saturday, May 7, orders were issued by the
Admiralty for twelve men-of-war and two gun-boats,
numbering about 700 guns, to be brought forward with
all expedition, to reenforce the fleet in the Channel."

The Times says:

The 18th Company of Royal Engineers is ordered the total company of Royal Engineers is ordered to be raised to its proper strength, and is to proceed from Chatham to Weymouth, for the purpose of being employed in the completion of the fortifications which which have recently been erected in the vicinity of The Mediterranean dependencies have received

respectively a large amount of every conceivable kind of war material, which it is intended to still increase. The Laboratory Department, Woolwich, has undertaken to turn out the enormous amount of 20,000 sixty-eigh pounder shot daily, exclusive of the manifold offices o ordinary occurrence, which will likewise be aug-

The following returns have since been made, raising the total of 323 Liberals and 273 Conservatives.

The Queen's Proclamation for the augmentation of
the Royal Navy has been responded to with alacrity at
Woolwich. Two hundred a day are admitted for ex-

The correspondent of The London Times, in Rome,

The Prince of Wales has left for Civita Vecchia During his residence in Rome, he has visited every-thing worth seeing. Among those who have had the honor of being invited to the Royal table, was Motley, the American historian.

The London Post says: "The Prince of Wales is

"expected to arrive in London early next week."

The Court Journal says: "The Princess Frederick
"William of Prussia will arrive in England on a visit
"to the Queen about the 26th inst."

#### FRANCE.

Most of the news from France relates to the War, and is given under that head. There are, however, one or two additional

FACTS OF INTEREST.

The Moniteur has a decree appointing Marshal Vailiant and Count Walewski members of the Privy Council. Another decree makes the following fresh appointments: M. de Royer, hitherto Minister of Justice, to be Senator and First Vice-President of the Senate; M. Delangle to be Minister of Justice; Gen. Randon to be Minister of War; the Duke of Padone to be Minister of the Interior; Marshall Vaillant to be Major General of the Army.

A decree published by the Moniteur appoints M. de Thouvenel Senator.

The Moniteur also announces that a statue of Alex. FACTS OF INTEREST.

nouvenet Senator.

The Moniteur also announces that a statue of Alexader von Humboldt will be placed in the Museum of

## PRUSSIA.

THE FUNERAL OF HUMBOLDT.

Berlin, May 10, 1859—9 a. m.
The solemn funeral procession of Alexander vo-umboldt is now on its way to the Cathedral. A Humboldt is now on its way to the Cathedral. All that represents science, art and intelligence in Berlin joins in the procession. Three Chamberlains in gold costume, bearing the orders of the illustrious deceased, precede the funeral car, which is drawn by six horses from the Royal stables. Upon the car is a simple uncovered coffin of oak, adorned with flowers and laurel. On either side of the car are student, bearing more

On either side of the car are students, bearing green palm branches.

A line of carriages of immense length closes the procession. The Prince Regent and all the Princes and Princesses are assembled in the Cathedral, awaiting the arrival of the great philosopher's mortal remains. A mourrful aspect over-preads the whole town.

## RUSSIA.

THE EMANCIPATION OF THE SERFS. We translate from the Gazette du Senat of St. Petersburg the following:

"In consequence of a desire expressed by the no

bility to ameliorate and to organize upon a definite basis the condition of the serfs, the Emperor has concluded on the organization of Special Commissions from among the nobles to prepare plans, which are to be sent to the Minister of the Interior. The Emperor has decreed: First, That the pro-

vincial commissions above-mentioned be authorized, on the completion of their plans, to send to St. Petersburg two representatives to explain and to advocate them; Second, That a Special Commission be created for the preliminary examinations of these plans. This Commission has been constituted of the Privy Counselors Lauskei and Count Panin, Gen. Mouravieff, and Aid-de-Camp Rostovtzoff.
"Most of the Provincial Committees have fixished

their plans of emancipation, and they are now before the Central Committee, The Emperor has placed these in the hands of a Special Commission, composed of some of the most experienced proprietaries in the Empire, to be digested into one general plan which shall satisfy all the special needs of each Province. He has, therefore, decreed:

The organization of two Committees, to make a digest of all the plans presented by the Provincial Committees, and to prepare plans for the regulation of the liberated Serfs, as well as other regulations on this subject: Rostovizoff to have the direction of

"These Committees to be composed of proprietors, chosen, subject to the ratification of the Emperor officers of the Ministry of the Interior, of Justice of the Domain, and of the Second Section of the Private Chancelry of the Emperor, and of Councillor of State, Jonkofsky, and College Councillor Solovieff, members of the Central Committee on Emancipation.

"The labors of these Committees of digest to be sent as fast as completed, to the Commission which is to consider and comment upon them, and forward 2hem to the Central Committee.

## AUSTRALIA.

The steamship Great Britain had arrived in London with advices to the 2d of March from Melbourne bringing 32,000 ounces of gold. An extraordinary amount of activity prevailed among the miners. Prospecting parties without number were being rewarded by the discovery of most promising fields. Mining Associations were en the increase.

Destructive fires had occurred at Melbourne and Ballarat. At the Ballarat diggings general dullness prevailed in trading circles. In prices there was little alteration. In the flour market some stir had been caused by the appearance of a considerable quality of American flour, in barrels, which was selling at 10/ per run higher than Victoria.

Tun higher than Victoria.

Advices from Sydney to the 26th report the receipt during the week ending 25th February at 2,799 onness of gold into the Sydney Branch of the Royal Mint.

Look to Youn Does.—Officer Lockwoodshot a mad dog on Saturday morning, at the corner of Third avenue and Twenty-first street. So far as known no person was bitten.

The Western Escort had taken down 1,917 ounces. The clipper ship Mermand, from Melbourne, has arrived with 14,000 ounces of gold. The ship Sussex arrived at Falmouth May 2, from Melbourne, in 84 days. with 80,000 ounces of gold.

## COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

From The Lordon Times (City Astricle), May 11.

TUESDAY EVENNO.—The quotation of gold at Parisinahout at par, and the short exchange on London is 25.074 P £1 sterling. On comparing these rates with the English mint price of £3.17/101 P ownee for standard gold, it appears that gold is nearly 4-10ths \*\* cent dearer in Paris than in London.

By advices from Hamburg the price of gold is 423/1 per mark, and the short exchange on London is nominally about 13.1 per £1 sterling. Standard gold at the English Mint price is therefore about 1/2 per cent dearer in Hamburg than in London.

The course of exchange at New-York on London for bills at 60 days' sight is about 110 per cent, which,

bills at 60 days' sight is about 110 per cent, which, when compared with the mint par between the two countries, shows that the exchange is in favor of Eugland; and, after making allowance for charges of transport and difference of interest, the present rate leaves a small profit on the importation of gold from the United States.

the United States.

The English Funds opened this morning at a further than the English Funds opened this morning at a further than the English Funds opened to the English Funds opened to the English Funds opened the English Funds opened this morning at a further than the English Funds opened this morning at a further than the English Funds opened this morning at a further than the English Funds opened this morning at a further than the English Funds opened this morning at a further than the English Funds opened this morning at a further than the English Funds opened this morning at a further than the English Funds opened this morning at a further than the English Funds opened this morning at a further than the English Funds opened the The English Funds opened this morning at a furthe improvement of \(\frac{1}{2}\), and subsequently experienced a more considerable advance, which however, was not maintained. The first transactions in Consols were at 191\(\frac{1}{2}\) to \(\frac{3}{2}\), whence, under the influence of investments on the part of the public, and a purchase of £100,000 stock on account of the Court of Chancery, there was a steady rise until they touched \(\frac{92}{2}\). Several realizations were then effected, and a return took place to the opening quotation of \(\frac{91}{2}\) to \(\frac{3}{2}\). The fact of the gold tions were then effected, and a return took place to the opening quotation of 91½ to ½. The fact of the gold arrivals yesterday and to-day from Australia and New York having amounted to nearly £100,000, tended to strengthen the market. There was still a complete absence of news. Bank Stock left off at 216 to 220; Reduced and New Three per Cents, 90½ to ½; Indian Stock, 214 to 218; India Bonds, 20s. to 10s. discount; and Exchequer Bills, 18/ to 23/ prenium. The new India Loan is at 2 discount.

There is still a good demand for discount at the

India Loan is at 2 discount.

There is still a good demand for discount at the Bank, and although the other banks and discount houses have larger balances than they can employ, it is only in the instance of bills having not more than about 29 days to run that the terms in the open market are below 4½ per cent. The expectations of a further mevement of the Bank of England to 5 per cent, seem for the moment to have subsided. It is understood that on future occasions, when the Court at their weekly meeting decide upon an alteration, it will be held applicable to all bills sent in on that morning, whether previously or subsequent to the notification.

weekly meeting decade opon an alteration, it win of held applicable to all bills sent in on that morning, whether previously or subsequent to the notification. A fair business has been transacted in foreign stocks, and several descriptions show a fresh improvement. Mexican, Sardinian and Spanish were especially firm. Turkish Six per Cents were flat in the afternoon, and receded, the old to 63 to 65, and new 53 to 55. Buenos Ayres Six per Cents were negotiated at 75½ and 74½, being also weaker; Mexican, for the account, 16½, 5, and 17. Peruvian Four-and-a-Half per Cents, for the account, 82½; Uribarren Bonds, 75 and 76; Dollar Bonds, 74; Russian Four-and-a-Half per Cents, 93 and 92; Sardinian, 74 and 75; Spanish, 38½; for the account, 38; Deferred, 26½, 26, and ½; Passive, 7½ and 8; Turkish Six per Cents, 1854, 66; for the account, 55; for per Cents, Guaranteed, 99½; Austrian Five per Cents, not payable in London, 32½; and Dutch Four Per Cent Certificates, 87½.

Per Cent Certificates, 87‡.

French Rentes were quoted this morning 60f, 75c., showing another decline of an eighth. The closing prices failed to arrive.

In the foreign exchanges this afternoon, the rates on

In the foreign exchanges this afternoon, the rates on Holland were slightly higher. Other places were about the same as last post.

The Mermaid has arrived from Melbourne with 13,479 ounces of gold, worth about £54,000.

No gold was taken from the Bank to-day, the continental demand being supplied for the present from the recent American and Australian arrivals.

the recent American and Australian arrivals.

The Peninsular and Oriental steamer Ceylon, to sail on Thursday, will take out £197,358 in silver for Bombay, including about £150,000 sent by the Government, and £50,000 in gold for Malta, also on Government, and £50,000 in gold for Malta, also on Government.

ment account.

The letters from Germany to-day mention a number of mercantile failures in Vienna, Frankfort, Leipsic, Munich, &c. Agents of the French Government are actively en-

Agents of the French Government are actively engaged in chartering colliers in the north at a rate of freight equivalent to about 37/per tun. In London it is said 35/per tun is offered for any quantity. The coal to be taken is to be delivered in a port of the Mediterranean, not to be named until the time of sailing, and in some cases an indemnity is given against all war risks. Ten steamers, each of about 2,000 tuns burden, are, it is said, likewise wanted for a similar

Outward-bound merchant ships are experiencing inconvenience from the loss of their crews at Gravesend
through the attraction of the Government bounty. The
naval authorities bourd the ships at that place, to
ascertain if any of the men will volunteer, and in some
instances vessels have been left without a sufficient
number of hands to enable them to proceed.

The following is from The Times (city article), May
10:

The following is from The Times (city arcice), 200, 10:

"The payment of the £2,000,000 Exchequer Bonds issued in 1854, has been effected to-day. The market is likewise influenced by the quietude which has characterized the commencement of the long dreaded war, and the approach of the termination of the elections also assists in promoting a tendency to steadiness. The new Indian Loan closed on Monday, May 2, at 24 \( \tilde{a} \) \( \tilde{a} \) discount. The monthly settlement on the Paris Bourse is stated to have been accomplished with much less difficulty than had been anticipated.

"The mercantile advices from Vienna state that the

"The mercantile advices from Vienna state that the suspension of Arnstein, Eskeles & Co. is likely to rove of a more unfavorable character than had been nucleipated. A series of other failures have been anounced, both at Vienna and in the provinces, and it cared that for some time to come the number will daily augmented.

Accounts from the German Bourses state that many of the Italian capitalists and speculators, who were active sellers of Austrian securities before the com-mencement of the war, have since come into the

market as buyers.

"The London Stock Exchange Committee have allowed fill Wednesday, May 11, for the final settlement of all the balances payable in connection with the re-

of an the balances payable in connection where the cent consol settlement.

The London Herrid says:

"Letters from the Continent speak of the depression in business through the doubt and suspense consequent upon the hostile movements in Austria and Sardinia, and the stoppage of many banking and financial firms. s therefore predicted. The suspension of the dividend by the Bank of Trieste is an event attributed to the

LONDON PRODUCE AND PROVISION MARKETS, May 16.—Tes inactive. Sugar unchanged. Coffee inactive. Rice ctive. Cocon firm. Saltpeter held above the value. Tallow, Y. C., on the spot, 56.—stock 9,91 casks. Oils—Linseed, 9.94 cwt. Rape, 394-345; Coccanut, 40 66-35-64 cwt. Spirits of Turpentine, 41 66-45-6. Spirits—Brandy and grain Spirits are cid at very full prices. Metals—Scotch Pig Iron firm at 49/3, ash.

sh. Liverpool Corn and Breadstuffs Market, May I.IVERPOOL CORN AND BERADSTOFFS MARKET, May 10.—There was a thin attendance to-day and few transactions took place. French Wheat and Floor were freely offered, and took place. French Wheat and Floor were freely offered, and this day week was submitted to. Outs were in slow sale, and may be quoted 1/5/21/54. Pecutal lower. Barley, Beans and Peas unchanged. Yellow and Mixed Indian Corn quite neglected, and had buyers appeared, prices would have been 1 6/21/84. Pecutal under the rates of this day week; Prime White American brought 8/2/65/44. Pecutal.

#### THE LATEST PER VANDERBILT. The following is a copy of a private message to our

Agent at Southampton, received from London on the afternoon of the 11th; "TURES, May 10.

" Official Bulletin .- The enemy evacuated Livorno, Tronzano, Santhia, Cavaglia, Salmizola and Vercelli and recrossed the Sesia in great haste, leaving part of the forage, &c., which they had demanded, behind them. Yesterday a strong Austrian column, with four Generals, was at Stropiana. This morning they with drew hastily from Carasano and Stropiana."

ANCIENT MINES IN NERRASKA. - An interesting dis-ANCIENT MINES IN NEIBASSA.—An interesting dis-covery of ancient mines has been made in Nebraska, about seven miles from Wyoming. They are the most extensive operations of ancient mines ever discovered on the continent. For miles in extent the whole coun-try is literally torn up and thrown into the most fan-tastic and promiseuous ridges, hillocks, gutters, trenches, shalts, &c. There are remains of furnaces, admirates stone walls and earth homes, framents of chimneys, stone walls, and earth houses, iragments et jugs, glass bottles, and many other things too numerous to mention. Rocks have been drilled and blasted ous to mention. Recks have been drined and blasted evidently with some explosive material, stone dressed with the hammer, and every evidence of the operations having been carried on by civilized men. Old California miners who have visited these mines say that it would perhaps cost millions of dollars to do the work that has been done there, and the appearance of the system is similar to the placers of California. the surface is similar to the placers of California where the miners have been at work. What the min where the miners have been at work. What the mineral was has not yet been fully ascertained, but this soon to be tested by parties skilled in metallurgy. It is generally thought the metal was gold or silver. The names are so ancient that there are large oak trees growing upon them. When was this done and by whom? From an article on the Geology of Nebraska in The Wyoming Telescope.

LOOK TO YOUR DOGS .- Officer Lockwood shot a mad

## CITY ITEMS.

AMUSEMENTS. - Wallack's Theater. - Mr. Falconer's new comedy, " Men of the Day," is the bill for Monday, Wednesday and Friday. On Tuesday evening Mr. Dyott takes his benefit, appearing for the first time as " Sir Anthony Absolute," in Sheridan's comedy of "The Rivals."

Laura Keene's .- " Midsummer Night's Dream" is announced for the "sixth and last week but one" at this house, after which the season closes. It is understood that Misses Joey and Adelaide Gougenheim

have secured this house for a short Summer season. Metropolitan Theater .- Captain Morton Price, an amateur, and Mis- Catharine Lucette are engaged for a short time, and will make their first appearance tonight in " Delicate Ground" and " All's Fair in Love and War." Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Conway are also in

the bills. Niblo's Garden .- "Rob Roy," after a successful run of three weeks, has been withdrawn, to make room for Auber's operatic ballet of "La Bayadere," which will be produced this evening, the principal characters being sustained by Mr. Miranda and Miss Lucy Escott. Signorina Galletta, an Italian danseuse, has been engaged, and will make her first appearance to-night as " Zoloe" in "La Bayadere."

Bowery Theater .- The " Sea Waif" and the "Red Crow," together with other new and novel pieces, are announced for the present week. This theater, with all its properties, is now to let, possession to be given in August. On Friday evening, Mr. James

Dunn takes his benefit. National Theater .- Aiken's dramatized version of Mrs. Southworth's story, "The Hidden Hand," is announced for the week, it having already had possession of the stage for two weeks. Other novelties are also given each evening.

At Barnum's Museum, Little Cordelia Howard is giving a round of juvenile parts, assisted by her parents. There are performances on Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday afternoons, beside the regular even, ing performances. The Aquaria, Happy Family, &c., are all to be had in addition for 25 cents.

Academy of Music .- "La Traviata" is announced for the last time this evening.

Bryant's Minstrels .- Jerry and Dan. Bryant, assisted by their corps of talented artists, give their Blacksmith's Jubilee," "Stump Speeches," songs, dances, choruses, and side-splitting extravaganzas to erowded houses nightly.

Wood's Minstrels continue to give the comic pantomime of "The Genii of the Lake," together with a choice selection of vocal and instrumental music, new songs, jokes, &c. Performances every evening.

George Christy, with his troupe of Minstrels, is announced to appear at No. 441 Broadway this evening. It is said that Henry Wood, of Wood's Minstrels, has placed an injunction upon George, forbidding him to play in this city at present, alleging an engagement between them binding George not to play in New-York for one year, which year has not yet expired.

Church's Painting .- The exhibition of this picture, The Heart of the Andes," will close this afternoon, as it is to be taken to Europe. It may be seen to-day at the Studio Building, in Tenth street, between Fifth and Sixth avenues.

Mr. John Blake, a well-known citizen of New-York, died suddenly last Friday in the City Hospital, from a sudden attack of paralysis. Mr. Blake was a native of Nova Scotia, but came to the States with his brother, Mr. Wm. Rufus Blake, the celebrated comedian, many years ago.

CITY MORTALITY .- According to the official report there were 363 deaths in the city during the past week-a decrease of 16 as compared with the mortality of the week previous, and 23 less than occurred in the corresponding week of last year. Of the whole number 179 were of ten years of age and under, and 57 inmates of the various public institutions. The following table shows the number of deaths for the past two weeks among adults and chil-

Among the principal causes of death were the following: Bronchitis, 4; consumption, 75; convulsions (infantile), 19; dropsy in the head, 12; inflammation of the bowels, 8; inflammation of the lungs, 22: inflammation of the brain, 8; marasmus (infantile), 12; scarlet fever, 17.

There were also 4 deaths of apoplexy, 9 of conges tion of the brain, 8 of croup, 4 of dysentery, 5 of typhus fever, 8 of disease of the heart, 2 of whooping cough, 2 of teething, 4 premature births, 22 stillborn, &c., 1; brain and nerves, 65; generative organs, 8; heart and blood vessels, 11; lungs, throat, &c., 130 old age, 4; skin, &c., and eruptive fevers, 24; stillborn and premature births, 26; stomach, bowels and other digestive organs, 51; uncertain seat and general fevers, 37; unknown, 1; urinary organs, 2-total,

The number of deaths, compared with the corresponding weeks in 1857 and 1858, was as follows:

The nativity table gives 239 natives of the United States, 69 of Ireland, 32 of Germany, 3 of England, 4 of Scotland, and the balance of various foreign

countries.

ARE WE FREEMEN ?- It is doubtful. Too much liberty has made us slaves-slaves of appetite, and of panderers to appetite. In a word, New-York has sold herself to rum. Rum is king and master. Rum makes'and breaks our laws. Rum elects our rulers. Rum robs our Treasury. Rum piles up our taxes. Rum fills our prisons and alms-houses. Rum is our

Official reports inform us that 30,200 out of the 35, 172 persons arrested for crime during the last year, were "intemperate! They tell us that 85 per cent of the sick paupers were more or less intemperate, and that 61 per cent were habitual drunkards. They tell us that the total of the pauper army in this city exceeds 100,000-larger than the force of Sardinia when on a war footing-and that it has increased 37,011 within a single year. Rum's doings again.

Cannot a truce be gained for one day in seven Must the poor man's rest-day be invaded by temptation to drunkengess and crime? Is there not enough of self-respect and regard for decency left to demand the protection which our laws extend over the citizens ight to Sunday ! Should it not suffice that 7,700 dram-shops are allowed to drug the community without license or law six days of the week; and must ,000 of them continue to break these laws by every Sunday sale of intoxicants? Why, the fines of a single Sunday for illegal sales of liquor, were they col lected, would pay the taxes of the city for a year The pitiable condition of our city in this behalf is due solely to the apathy of its citizens. A single manly concerted movement of the people would free the city from the power of its tax-master, as speedily and as peacefully as the Italian states, one after another, are Maiden-lane, has been constantly subjected to deprecasting off their tyrants.

THE MORERY TESTIMONIAL.—The presentation of the magnificent chess-board and men that have been purchased as a testimonial gift to Mr. Paul Morphy, y his numerous admirers in New-York and Brook lyn, will take place on Wednesday evening. Subcribers can secure their tickets, we are informed, -night at the chess rooms in the University.

The chesemen on the one side are of gold the other side of silver. All have cornelian bases, and are happy in design, and are finished with elegance, the workmanship being of the best. There are no inscriptions on the che-smen, the various legends on the border of the board expressing all that it was The chess-board is 26 inches square, with a border

in the border is the inscription, "To Paul Morphy.

A recognition of his genius, and a token of regard from his friends and admirers in New-York and Brooklyn. New-York, 1850." On another side of the border is a sliver plate in the form of a pyramid, supported by sphinxes, on which are written the name of celebrated masters of the game, such as Morphy, Philidor and Labourdonnais. On another side, on a plate, are the names of the Presentation Committee, and on the fourth side is the coat of arms of the city of New-York, in silver. At each corner, within a gold

wreath, are the initials of Mr. Morphy. The squares are 27 inches square, alternately of ebony and of mother-of-pearl. The body of the board is of resewood, and there is an elegant case to contain the whole?

Men and board were manufactured at Tiffany's establishment, and will cost \$1,000.

RECEARS WINE-How to MAKE It. - Some time since we published a notice of wine made from pierhubarb. It had been tasted by a numb good judges, who did not know its source, and pro-nounced a very fair sample of pale sherry. It certainly did resemble that wine both in appearance and taste. It not only deceived wine-drinkers here, but a sample sent to Cincinnati, wastasted by men skilled in the art of tasting wines and detecting adulterations, and called a good sample of American sherry, only wanting age to be excellent. Basing an opinion upon our own indgment, we have and do pronounce it as much superior, as a beverage, to half the costly wines sold in this city, as pure otard brandy is superior to "fighting rum," such as is manufactured in New-York, and which in its turn manufactures demons out of human beings. Now since mankind will have something stimulating, and since it is fashionable for all who can afford it, to drink wine, and since a very abundant quantity of something that, at least will serve as a good substitute, can be made from rhubarb stalks, we repeat our recommendation of that kind of inice.

How Rhubarb Wineis Made .- Since our first notice, our letters of inquiry, "How is it made!" have been too numerous to answer, if we had known how, but as we did not, we wrote to B. P. Cahoon of Kenosha. Wis., who, so far as we are informed, originated the rhubarb wire manufacture, from his remarkable seedling pie-plant, which grows larger than any other

The following is Mr. Cahoon's reply:

"Herewith I send you a sample of 'pie-plant wine,' made last September, by mixing equal quantities of water with the juice of the stalks, and to each gallon, 31 lb fair quality of New-Orleans sugar, put in barrels, filled full, and fined with isinglass, and allowed to remain in the barries till Spring, and then bottled. By adding or diminishing the quantity of sugar it will vary the strength of the wine in the same proportion. The pure jince without water makes a very strong wine, by using 4 lb of sugar to each gallon."

It appears that the process is exactly that with currant-juice, blackberry-juice, elderberry-juice, gooseberry-juice, or any other juice, such as has long been used in families all over the country, for the manufacture of beverages called wine.

The advantage of the thubarb, particularly such a rank growth as Cahoon's seedling gives, is that it affords a greater quantity of juice than any other plant; and so far as it appears to us, it is a better quality than any but grape-juice for the manufacture of domestic wine. Of course it will afford, also, an abundance of cheap and good vinegar. The acid of the plant, as all pie-makers are aware, is decidedly

former notice, we gave the product of rhubarb wine,

per acre, as 800 gallons. Mr. Cahoon says:

"This estimate is very much below the matter of fact, as tested here. Mr. G. Lewis, the purchaser of my plantation of jde-plant made last season from one-eighth of an acre, 400 gallons like the sample I send you. It is a fair estimate that 2,300 gallons can be made from an acre of well-cultivated roots of my seedling. The wine costs here about 40 cents per gallon to the manufacturer."

According to this statement, instead of 800 gallons. per acre, the product is over 800 barrels, and almost the entire cost of the article would be the price paid for the sugar. Probably, upon a large scale, five cents a gallon would pay all the expense of labor of cutting the plants, grinding pruning and bowelling-With sorghum sugar for sweetening, we don't see anything to prevent the country from having wine cheap enough, if that will make men more temperate than cheap whisky.

THE GENERAL ADMIRAL.-This fine steamship. built by Mr. Webb for the Russian Government, an account of whose first trial trip we gave a few and 15 from violent causes, including 2 murders. The days since, is to be thrown open for exhibition to the annexed statement shows what portions of the human | public for a few days, beginning to-day. A fee of ten ected: Bones, joints, certs, children half price, will be charged for admission, Hospital. The great desire shown by the public, on application for admission on board this noble vessel, whose build and entire equipment is exclusively American, and at a cost of \$1,000,000, has induced Mr. Webb to make this arrargement. The pecuniary remuneration which is all to be bestowed upon the Woman's Hospital, could not find a more worthy destination, nor one where it is more needed. The General Admiral is the largest wooden vessel in the world, and in every respect a magnificent specimen of naval architecture.

FOR EUROPE.-The steamship Ocean Queen sailed on Saturday for Havre, via Southampton, with 249 passengers on board. The Kangaroo sailed at the same time for Liverpool, with about 200 passengers on

SUDDES DEATH.-Coroner Gamble held an inquest at the sailor boarding house, 91 Roosevelt-street, on the body of a seaman named Henry Robinson, who fell dead Saturday evening while eating his supper. Robleson had been in poor health for nearly three weeks during which time he had scarcely drawn a sober breath. From the history of the case it was evident death was caused by congestion of the brain from intemperance, and the Jury rendered a verdict to that effect. Deceased was about 35 years of age and a native of England.

TERRIBLE HOISTWAY ACCIDENT. -On Friday evening, sixteen men employed in a hoop-skirt manufactory, in the American Express Co's, building, at the corner of Hudson and Jay streets, got upon the elevator of one of the upper stories for the purpose of lowering themselves to the first floor. While they were descending, one of the rings by which the elevator was slung parted, and the box dashed through to the basement with frightful velocity. Two of the men, named Charles Robeck and William Wood, sustained compound fractures of both legs, and a third named Lacy, had one of his legs broken in two places. The others escaped with trifling injuries. It is a wonder that they were not all dashed to pieces. Robeck was removed to the hospital, and the others were sent to their homes.

ROBERTO HIS FATHER .- For some weeks past the dations, tools and materials being carried off during the night. Determined to catch the thief, Mr. Hardwick engaged David Bond and Jeseph Silvie to lodge in the shop. About 9 o'clock on Friday evening, they heard the door unlocked, and saw a young man enter. He was instantly seized, but struggled desperately to free himself; the muzzle of a pistel, however, placed to his head, had a wonderfully sedative effect. A light being procured, it was ascertained that the thick was no other than Mr. Hardwick's son. He was taken before Justice Connolly on Saturday merning, and committed for examination. He then gave his name as James Snarl. THE LATE ATTEMPTED MAIL ROBBERY .- The man

who was arrested on Friday, on suspicion of attempting to rob the United States Express Company, and the 8 inches wide around the squares. On a silver plate | mail on the United States and Eric Road, last week,

gives his name as Edward Jackson. He has been identified as the President of an extensive Oil Company in Maiden lane, who has recently had in his employ two old express messergers. He accounts for the That where any person acting as agent for others, solis as That where any person acting as agent for others, solis as the same matter, any matter, can be store matter any person acting as agent for others, solis as the same matter, as the things and the same matter any person acting as agent for others, solis as the same factor and the same matter any person acting as agent for others, solis as the same matter and the sam damaged condition of his face by saying that he had rectly, in the pareinse, t fallen down. Mr. Keck, the agent who was assaulted. In his feether, to acquire the hedamaged condition of his face by saying that he had is expected in town on Monday, when it will be definitely ascertained whether the person now in the Tombs is the gentleman who expected to help bimself to

ISBURANTY OF A WOMAN.-Elizabeth Lewis, residing at No. 265 West Thirty-ninth-street, was brought before Justice Quackenbush, on Saturday morning, charged by Susan Sampson with having the day previous, assaulted Bertha Kinda, a child, by throwing a wash kettle of scalding hot water in her face, and over her person. It is sileged that | va the child was sitting quickly on the front stoop at the | ah time. The accused was held in \$1,000 bonds for

HIGHWAY ROBBERY .- Between 11 and 12 o'clock, on Friday night, as a young man named William Gilroy, was returning home through Canal-street, when near West Broadway, was attacked by a gang of ruffians. After knocking down and beating him the fellows rifled his pockets and obtained the sum of 25 cents. One of them named Henry Crawford, was taken into custody on Saturday, and committed for trial by Justice Quackenbush, in default of \$2,000

NEW-YORK HOSPITAL.-Weekly report to May 20, 

BITING OFF A MAN'S NOSE,—A sailor named Franc-ild Miner, who was recently arrested for mutiny on the ship.

E. Z., but escaped by leaping overboard and swimming ashore,
was taken into custody on Friday night, at a sailor learning house
in Water street, where he had been secreted, for biting off the
ness of Thomas Davenport. Justice Connolly committed him for
camination.

RUSSING AWAY FROM AN OFFICER,—A drunken man named Tibias Kennedy, having been arrested by Officer Wright on Friday night, attempted to escape, but in crossing the railroad track, at the ocrose of Thirry-first street and Eighth arenne, fell down and broke his leg. He was removed to Bellevue Hospital. MOCK AUCTIONS .- William A. Morton of Broome County, in this State, made a complaint before the Mayor, on Saturday, against J. B. Sayers, a well known dry goods swindler at No. 295 Broadway, charging him with selling \$2 16 worth of goods, by various devices, for \$12. The Mayor issued a summons for Sayers to appear on Monday and answer for misdenessor.

FOUND DROWNED.—Coroner Jackman held an in-post on Saturday morning at Blackwell's Island, upon the body of a respectably dressed woman, found floating in the East River part Hell Gate, the day previous. Deceased was about 30 years of age, 5 feet 4 inches high, dressed in French calloo dress, stuff betticent bound with yellow velvet, and drab cloak mantilla-file body had apparently been in the water two manths. A ver-liet of supposed death from drowning was returned.

FATAL FALL. -An inquest was held at the house No. 197 Fast Thirty second street, by Coroner Schirmer, on the body of John Connell, whild about 20 months old, whose death was caused. Saturday affectment, in consequence of falling from a fourth story window to the aidewalk. The occurrence was quite

Irisii inborer, was arrested vesterday, charged with having, on training night, assembled Margaret Mohn, residing in Centre street, with a kelle, inflicting a serious wound on her head. He was leaked up by Justice Comolly, for examination, and the injured woman was taken to the New York Hospital. FALL FROM THE ROOF OF A HOUSE, -Robert Sanders,

FALL FEON THE KOOF OF A HOUSE, —Kobert Sanders, a lad 12 years of age, on Sotarday afternoon, accidentally fell from the roof of a house in Delancy street, and is thought to be faculty injured. He was taken to the residence of his parents, No. 19 Delancy street.

RUN OVER,—A woman named Margaret Hughes, was run over on Saturday, by an express wagon, driven by a man named Coman, and dangerously injured. The vehicle passed over her back and left arm. She was taken to the New York Hoonital.

GROCERY STORES,

APOTHECARY STORES,

FRUIT STORES,

BAR-ROOMS,

HOTELS,

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC [Advertisement.]

Caution to the Public.

I understand that a large quantity of mixed and poisonous Gin, put up under the name of Wolf Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps, signed Alonzo Wolf, has been sold in this market, and purchased by our fruit, spediceary and grocery stores, on account of the cheapuess of the stuff.

Any one who has been imposed upon in the purchase of this counterfeit will confer a favor by leaving or sending his mane to may office. And I caution all persons from purchasing or selling any Gin, put up under the name of Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps, unless put up by me, with my name on the bottle and cork, with a fac-smile of my signature on the label.

Upot Pho Wot Fr. No. 22 Beaver st.

hand every variety of TEAS for Groeers and Tea Dealers and private families. Somehong, Oolong and Young Hyson from 25c, to die.; Gunpowder and Imperial from 25c, to 60c. All other qualities equally low. Also, three-pound boxes good FAMILY TEA for #1. Call and examine at No. 125 Chatlanawit, between Pearl

Rometa, Ribbons, Flowers, Crepes, Silks, Straw Go Caps, Coiffures, Laces, &.c., at Willer & Co.'s, No. 251 Broadway, presents a perfect epitome of all the modes aumound present Sommer in the Paris Gazettes of Fashion.

[Advertisement.] Superbly beautiful CARPETS At tremendous low prices!!

Crossley & Son's gorgeous Medalliton's.

Exclisi Velvets, 9 to 12 per yard.

Real Exclisi Brussells, 6 to 10 per yard.

All-wool Ingrains, 3 to 6 per yard.

Floor Oliclovinis, 2 6 to 6 per yard.

Hiram Anderson, No. 99 Bowery.

[Advertisement.] BRADY'S GALLERIES. PROTOGRAPHS,
AMEROTYPES AND DAGUERROTYPES,
Nos. 205, 559 and 655 Broadway, New-York, and No. 352 Pennylvania ev., Washington, D. C.

# LAW INTELLIGENCE.

THE ALLEGED FRAUDS IN THE CUMBER-LAND COAL COMPANY.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR ALLECHANY COUNTY, MARYLAND—(No. 1226, Equity.)

The Cumberland Coal and from Company agit, Ailen M. Sherman, William B. Dean, and the Hoffman Steam Coal Company of Allechany County.

The opinion I entertain in regard to the law by which this case must be determined, dispenses with a lengthy statement of facts.

this case must be determined, dispenses with a length statement of facts.

It appears that on the 21st of February, 1855, Allen M. Sherman, one of the defendants, was elected a Director of the Cumberland Coal and Iron Company, and in the Board acting as such, until the 22th May, 1858. That during that period, he was by said Company appointed on a Committee to report upon the propriety of a saie of part of its real estate. That on the 22th day of April, 1856, a deed was made by that Company, conveying to him and one Dean, also, a defendant, 1,215 acres of its land. For that, and what is called the Transportation Contract, they were to give \$140,000. That they, Sherman & Dean, on the 28th day of Angust, 1858, conveyed this land to "The Hoffman Steam Coal Company," a corporation organized under the act of 1852, ch. 322; such organization having taken place since the execution of the deed of the 22th day of April, 1856, from the complainant to them. The Dean acquired his the under the necessarily established as a fine on the 3th of December, 1856, and pray for a second and on the properties of the 22th day of April, 1856, from the complainant to them. The Dean acquired his the under the necessarily established on the 6th of December, 1856, and pray for a second and in a light contract of the 22th day of April, 1856, from the complainant to them. The Dean acquired his the under the necessarily established the international contract of the 22th day of April, 1856, from the complainant to them. The Dean acquired his the under the necessarily established the international contract of the 22th day of April, 1856, from the complainant to them. The Dean acquired his the under the necessarily established the international contract of the 22th day of April, 1856, from the complainant to them. The Dean acquired his the under the necessarily established the international contract of the 22th day of April, 1856, from the complainant to them. The best contract of the 22th day of the 22th day of April, 1856, from the complainant statement of facts.
It appears that on the 21st of February, 1855, Allen

whe trustee, of information acquired by him in the character of rostee."

But when a purchase is made by a trustee of trust property of the property of the property of the property of the property of trustee and his certain our farms without any consideration. It has also been determined "that without any consideration of moder too king beyond the relation of the parties, such a continued to make the law." And the law is extreme sense, yet it is indeputably established that such a carrena during the continuance of the fiduciary character, where the made with the full concurrence and consent of the persons been defined to the property, who, of course, more competent to consent, and even then it will be regarder with great suspicion. companies to reaching and corroborative circumstances. Pur-fir the absence of such corroborative circumstances, pur-chase of this kind, however fair and housest in itself, is validable at the option of the cested que trust; nor is it necessary to show that the trustee has made any profit, or obtained any advantage by his purchase; although it will be supported against the pur-chaser, if found to be beneficial to the trust exists.

It was, as testified by Mchaffey, one entire contract, and if void as to one, it may be doubted whether it is not void as to both, as he aided in the consommation of a contract, which from the wisset policy the law has protounced constructively frauduction and united with one to contain which would bring about a conflict between his self-interest and integrity, should be not be subject to those principles of law by which such transactions as to his cograntee, can be invalidated.

The fact that Sherman tendered his resignation to the Board of Directors and that sich was refused, has been referred to for the purpose of showing that te had placed himself in a condition to justify his purchase.

His being a director and asstaining that character, and not, and, being competent to purchase, such effect and efficial do not change that relation. It must be actually or virtually dissolved. He might have referred from the office and quiltied binnelf for becoming a purchaser, by divesting himself of that character; or, if he retain the situation, the parties must be put so much at armsel length that they agree to stand in the adverse situations of vendor and purchaser.

Concepting the deed to be voidable, it is urged that the consider

length that they agree to stand in the adverse situations of vender and purchaser.

Concerting the dised to be veldable, it is urged that the conduct of the exceptional has been such as to operate as a confirmation of the sale in a Control Equity.

The destrine upon that subject is that those acts which will be estemmed as a confirmation must be of a deliberative character, by the party beneficially interested in the property, and where he was in possession of the bature of the contract, and honestly made acquainted with all the material directmentances of the case.

There must be no suppression error or suggestion fale it the law requiring an expection of the nature and terms of the contract, and that he was a quantied with his rights. That is, be must be aware "that the transaction is of such a character that he could imposs the in a court of equity." Lewin on Trust and Trustees, 196; Bell act. Webb & Mong, 2 Gill 164; Hill on Trustees and Trustees. Heat. Webb & Bloog, a State of this case which sathers even no fact or circumstance in this case which sathers a company the stackholders—those whose interests

I have seen its fast or circumstance it has case which auto-tice the to determine that the stockholders—those whose interests and rights are materially affected (indeed, the only persons la-jured)—have been made acquainted with the nature and extent of the contract and asle in this some. And the rule being "that they must be aware that the transaction is of such a character that they or all impossible it in a court of equity." I repeat, I can-mot see in the case the least evidence to establish such a knowl-edge. Nor do I extern the lapse of time as sufficient to bur the completions.